

Japan Market Entry Assessment (Full)

Prepared for:

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Introduction: Executive Summary

This report provides an integrated strategic and regulatory assessment for AAA MedTech's Al-powered MRI analysis software in Japan. Our market analysis indicates a significant opportunity, contingent on a refined value proposition and a specialized distributor strategy. Crucially, our regulatory research confirms the product will be classified as a Software as a Medical Device (SaMD), likely Class II, requiring a formal PMDA consultation and QMS conformity. This regulatory pathway must be a core component of your timeline and budget. A detailed 90-day action plan is provided.



Chapter 1: Market Opportunity & Competitive Landscape

1-1. Value Proposition Optimized for Japan

While your product's core value in the US is "speed of analysis," our research indicates the primary value proposition for the Japanese market should be "enhancing diagnostic accuracy and confidence without disrupting existing clinical workflows." Japanese radiologists are less pressured by volume and more focused on minimizing diagnostic errors. This shift in messaging is critical for initial acceptance.

1-2. Target Customer Profile for Japan

The ultimate goal is the Top 5 university hospitals. However, the ideal initial target is the "challenger-tier" university hospitals and major regional cancer centers. These institutions are more agile and actively seeking technology to differentiate themselves. We have identified three specific institutions (e.g., [Hospital A], [Hospital B]) as prime initial targets.

1-3. Competitive Analysis

Your primary competitors are not other AI startups, but rather the established workflow of domestic PACS providers (e.g., [Japanese Competitor A]) and the conservative methodology of senior radiologists. The key to differentiation is not just superior AI, but seamless integration and strong local clinical data.



Chapter 2: Applicable Regulations Research

| | | I | T | T |
|-----|---------------------------|---------|---------------------|--|
| | Regulation Document | Issuing | | |
| | Name (English & | Body / | Key Articles / | Summary & Relevance to AAA |
| No. | Japanese) | Date | Sections to Review | MedTech |
| | The Act on Securing | | | |
| | Quality, Efficacy and | | | |
| | Safety of Products | | | |
| | Including Pharmaceuticals | | • Art. 2, Para. 10: | |
| | and Medical Devices | | (Definition of | Summary: The foundational law for all |
| | (PMD Act) | | SaMD) | medical products in Japan. |
| | 医薬品、医療機器等の品 | | • Art. 23-2: (MAH | Relevance: Establishes the core |
| | 質、有効性及び安全性の確 | | License) | requirements for your company to |
| | 保等に関する法律(薬機 | | • Art. 23-2-5: (QMS | operate in Japan, from licensing (MAH) |
| 1 | <u>法)</u> | MHLW | Conformity) | to quality management systems (QMS). |
| | Basic Policy on | | | Summary: The official guidance |
| | Determination of whether | | | defining which software is classified as |
| | a Software Program is a | | Section 3: | SaMD. |
| | Medical Device (March | | (Classification | Relevance: This is the most critical |
| | 31, 2023) | | Examples) | document to determine if your Al |
| | プログラムの医療機器への | | Annex 1: | software is a regulated medical device. |
| | 該当性に関する基本的な考 | | (Decision | The flowchart is your first self- |
| 2 | え方について | PMDA | Flowchart) | assessment tool. |
| | | | | Summary: Guidance on ensuring |
| | | | | cybersecurity for medical devices, a |
| | Guidance on | | Chapter 4.2: (Risk | key focus for PMDA. |
| | Cybersecurity for Medical | | Management) | Relevance: Your network-connected |
| | Devices (March 2023) | | Chapter 6: | SaMD must comply. This section |
| | 医療機器のサイバーセキュ | | (Software | details the risk management required |
| 3 | リティ導入に関する手引書 | MHLW | Lifecycle) | throughout the product lifecycle. |
| | | | | |

^{*}Disclaimer: This research provides a list of publicly available information for reference and does not constitute legal or regulatory advice. The interpretation and completeness of this information should be verified with a qualified professional.



Chapter 3: Go-to-Market Strategy Options

3-1. Option A: Direct Sales

- Pros: Higher margin, direct customer feedback.
- Cons: High setup cost, requires hiring a local team, slow to build trust and network. Not recommended at this stage.

3-2. Option B: Specialized Distributor Partnership

- Pros: Leverage existing hospital relationships, faster market access, lower initial cost.
- Cons: Lower margin, reliance on partner's performance.

3-3. Recommendation

We strongly recommend Option B. Partnering with a specialized distributor who has deep ties to radiology departments is the most capital-efficient and fastest path to securing initial pilot projects and sales in Japan.



Chapter 4: First 90-Day Action Plan

Objective for this Quarter: Validate clinical needs in Japan and prepare for initial partner engagement.

Month 1: Market Validation & Strategy Refinement (Weeks 1-4)

| No. | Action Item | Objective / Key Result |
|-----|------------------------------------|---|
| 1 | Refine Value Proposition for Japan | Finalize a one-page summary highlighting "diagnostic accuracy support" and "workflow efficiency" based on our analysis of the Japanese clinical environment. |
| 2 | Conduct KOL | Secure and complete initial online interviews with 3 pre-identified neuroradiology KOLs to validate clinical needs and gather feedback on the product's UI/UX. |
| 3 | | Create a detailed scorecard to evaluate potential distribution partners based on their access to university hospitals, neurological centers, and their experience with SaMD products. |

Month 2: Partner Engagement Preparation (Weeks 5-8)

| No. | Action Item | Objective / Key Result |
|-----|------------------------|--|
| | Shortlist Potential | Identify and rank a list of 10 potential Japanese distribution partners |
| 1 | Partners | specializing in radiology IT solutions, using the finalized scorecard. |
| | | Create a culturally adapted, Japanese-language version of the introductory |
| | Localize Initial Pitch | presentation, focusing on data, clinical evidence, and incorporating the |
| 2 | Deck | KOL feedback from Month 1. |
| | Prepare for Conference | Develop a specific strategy for engaging with the Japanese teams of |
| 3 | Engagement | shortlisted partners at the upcoming RSNA Annual Meeting. |



Month 3: Initial Outreach & Engagement (Weeks 9-12)

| No. | Action Item | Objective / Key Result |
|-----|------------------------------|---|
| | 1. Initiate Contact with Top | Begin initial outreach to the top 3 shortlisted partners via a formal, |
| 1 | 3 Partners | personalized introduction. |
| | | Obtain a commitment for an initial web meeting with at least 2 of the top 3 |
| | | partners to present the localized pitch deck and discuss potential |
| 2 | 2. Secure Initial Meetings | collaboration. |
| | | Create a standardized, one-page proposal for a small-scale pilot project |
| | 3. Draft Pilot Project | or joint research study that can be customized and presented in initial |
| 3 | Proposal | meetings. |



Chapter 5: Conclusion & Next Steps

This assessment provides the strategic blueprint for your successful entry into the Japanese market. The opportunity is real, but a precise, culturally-aware execution is essential. The immediate next step is to begin the partner identification process outlined in Chapter 4. Probio can provide hands-on, long-term support to execute this plan, including making introductions to our network of qualified distributors and supporting your initial business development activities.